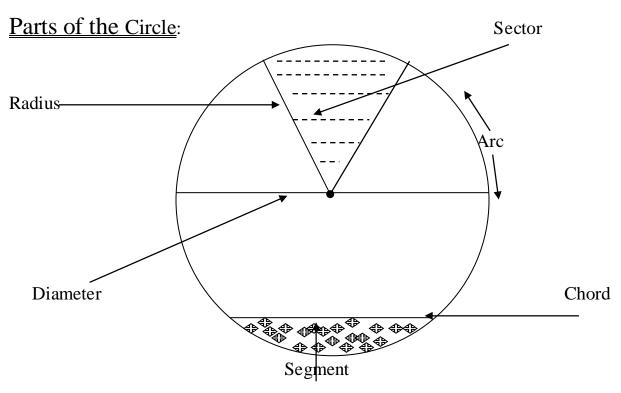
Chapter Seven

THE CIRCLE

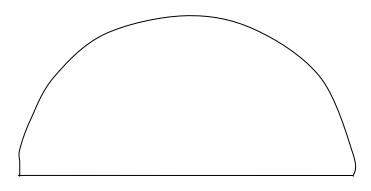


- 1) <u>The Circumference</u>: This is the distance around the circle.
- 2) <u>Chord</u>: This is a straight line which joins two points on the circumference.
- 3) <u>The diameter</u>: This is a special chord which passes through the centre of the circle.
- 4) <u>The radius</u>: This is a line drawn from the centre, to a point on the circumference.
- 5) <u>Arc</u>: This refers to a portion of the circumference.
- 6) <u>The segment</u>: This is the region between a chord and an arc.
- 7) <u>The sector</u>: This refers to the region between two radii.

Note:

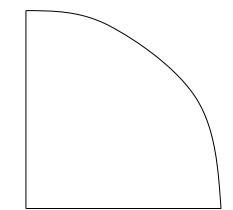
i. For any circle, the radius $\times 2 =$ the diameter i.e. twice the radius gives us the diameter.

ii. Half a circle is referred to as a semi circle.



iii. A quadrant refers to one quarter of the area of a circle.

i.e.



- iv. For a circle, C= $2\pi r$, where C= the circumference, r = the radius and $\pi = 3.14 \text{ or } 3.142 \text{ or } \frac{22}{7}$.
- Q1) A circle has a radius of 14cm. Determine the distance round it.

Solutions

 $C = 2\pi r => C = 2 \times 3.14 \times 14 = 88 cm.$

Q2) A city is circular in shape and its diameter is 30km. Determine the distance covered by a man, who walked twice round this city.

<u>Solution</u>

The distance covered by a man who did walk round the city once = the circumference.

D = 30km, =>r = $\frac{30}{2}$ = 15km.

 $C = 2\pi r$, => $C = 2 \times 3.14 \times 15 = 94$ km.

Distance covered by walking round the city twice= $2 \times 94 = 188$ km.

Q3) A racing bike is travelling round a circular track whose radius is 40km, at a speed of 20km/h. Determine the time it will take to travel

- a) once round the track.
- b) thrice round the track.

Solution

- (a) The distance covered by travelling once round the track = the circumference = $2\pi r = 2 \times 3.14 \times 40 = 251$ km.
- a) the speed of racing bike = 20km/h

$$\therefore$$
 If 20km = 1hour

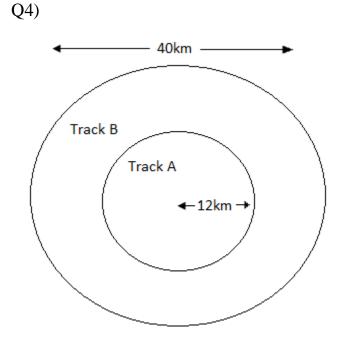
then 251km = $\frac{251}{20} \times 1 = 12.6$ hrs.

b) Distance travelled by travelling thrice round this track = $3 \times 251 = 753$ km.

Speed of bike = 20km/h

If 20km = 1 hour

Then 753km = $\frac{753}{20} \times 1 = 38$ hrs.



Two cyclists, Addo and John are supposed to travel round two different circular tracks. Addo is to travel in track A at a speed of 40km/h and John is to travel in track B at a speed of 60km/h.

- a) Determine which of these men will be the first to complete his journey.
- b) Express the distance travelled by Addo as a fraction of the distance travelled by John.

Solution

The distance travelled by Addo = the circumference of track A= $2\pi r$ =2×3.14×12=75km.

Speed of Addo = 40km/h.

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If 40km=1 hour
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$$=>75$$
km $=\frac{75}{40}\times 1=1.9.$

 \therefore Time taken by Addo to move round his track = 1.9 hrs.

Distance travelled by John = the circumference of track

 $B = 2\pi r = 2 \times 3.14 \times 20 = 126$ km.

Speed of John = 60km/h.

If 60km = 1 hour

$$=>126$$
km $=\frac{126}{60}\times 1=2.1$

John will complete his journey in 2.1 hours..

Addo will finish first

b)Distance travelled by Addo = 75km and distance travelled by John = 126km

Distance travelled by Addo as a fraction of that travelled by John = $\frac{75}{126} = \frac{25}{42}$

Q5) A city which is circular in shape has a length of 420km. Determine the distance walked by Mr. Abu, if he walked from the centre of this city to a point on the city's boundary.

Solution

Length of the city = the circumference = 420km.

Distance travelled by Mr. Abu = the radius =?

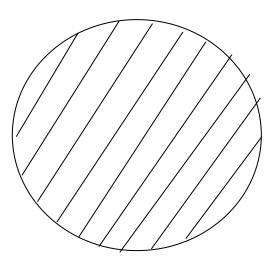
But since C= $2\pi r => 420 = 2 \times 3.14 \times r$,

 $=>420 = 6.28r => r = \frac{420}{6.28}$

=>r = 67, =>Distance walked by Mr. Abu = 67km.

The area of a circle:

The area of a circle refers to the region within the circle.



For example the shaded portion refers to the area of the given circle.

The area of a circle = πr^2 , where r = radius of the circle.

1) A circle has a radius of 7cm. Determine its area.

$$\left[\text{Take } \pi = \frac{22}{7} \right]$$

Solution

Area =
$$\pi r^2 = \frac{22}{7} \times 7^2 = 154$$
 cm²

2) A circular plot of land has an area of 255 cm².

Determine its diameter.

 $\left[\text{Take } \pi = 3.142 \right]$

Solution

Since A =
$$\pi r^2 => 255=3.14 \times r^2$$

=> $\frac{255}{3.14} = r^2 =>81 = r^2 =>r = \sqrt{81} = 9$ cm.

Diameter = $2r = 2 \times 9 = 18$ cm..

3) A man charges &pmedesilon 2 for weeding an area of $5m^2$. Determine how much he will

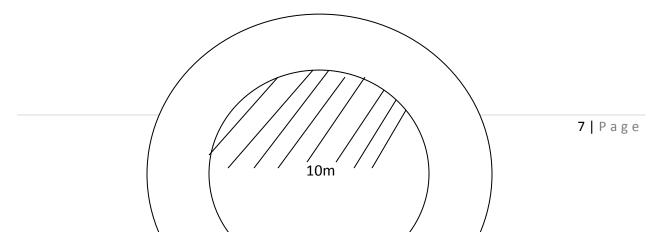
charge if he weeds a circular field of radius 8m. [Take $\pi = 3.142$]. Solution

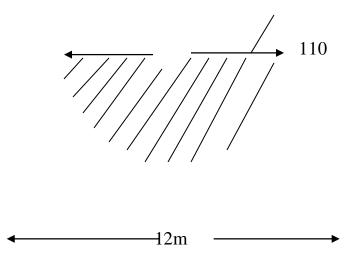
Area of circular field to be weeded = πr^2 = 3.142 × 8² = 201m² If 5m² = ¢2

$$=> 201 \text{m}^2 = \frac{201}{5} \times 2 = 80, => \text{ amount charged} = \text{$\phi 80$}.$$

- 1. 4) A man owns a circular plot of land whose diameter is 12m. On a portion of this land which is circular in shape and of diameter 10m, he has planted onion. Determine
- i. the fraction of the land on which the onion farm is located.
- ii. the percentage of the land on which the onion farm is located
- iii. the quantity of land left for future cultivation.







Let the shaded portion represent the onion farm. Since it diameter = 10m = > radius = 5m.

The area of the onion farm = $\pi r^2 = 3.14 \times 5^2 = 78.5 \text{m}^2$

Also since the diameter of the circular field = 12m => its radius = 6m.

The area of this field = $\pi r^2 = 3.14 \times 6^2 = 113 \text{m}^2$

i) Fraction of the field on which the onion farm is located = $\frac{78.5}{113}$

ii) The percentage of the land on which the onion farm is located = $\frac{78.5}{113} \times 100 = 69\%$.

iii) The portion of the land left for future cultivation = $113 - 78.5 = 34.5 \text{m}^{2}$